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16	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
17	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
18	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION	
19	AMERICAN FEDERATION OF	Case No. 3:25-cv-03698-SI
20	GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, AFL-CIO, et	DECLARATION OF EVERETT KELLEY
20	al.,	DECLARATION OF EVERETT RELLEY
21	Plaintiffs,	
22	v.	
23		
24	DONALD J. TRUMP, in his official capacity as President of the United States, et al.,	
25	Defendants.	
	Detenualits.	
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27		
28	II	

Declaration of Everett Kelley

Case No: 3:25-cv-03698-SI

## **DECLARATION OF EVERETT KELLEY**

I, Everett Kelley, declare as follows:

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- 1. I am over 18 years of age and competent to give this declaration. This declaration is based on my personal knowledge, information, and belief.
- 2. I am the National President of the American Federation of Government Employees, AFL-CIO (AFGE), a labor organization and unincorporated association that represents approximately 800,000 federal civilian employees through its affiliated councils and locals in every state in the United States. AFGE's federal employee members include nurses, border patrol agents, correctional officers, health care workers, civilian employees in the Department of Defense, employees of the Social Security Administration, scientists in the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and employees in nearly every other federal agency.
- 3. Of the federal departments and independent agencies that are Defendants in this case, AFGE represents bargaining units of employees at each of the following:

Office of Personnel Management

Department of Agriculture

Department of Commerce

Department of Defense

18 Department of Energy

Department of Health and Human Services

Department of Homeland Security

Department of Housing and Urban Development

Department of Justice

Department of Interior

Department of Labor

Department of State

Department of Treasury

Department of Transportation

Department of Veterans Affairs

**Small Business Administration** 

Social Security Administration

- 4. AFGE also represents federal employees in bargaining units at various other independent federal agencies, including Agency for International Development, Consumer Product Safety Commission, Chemical Safety Board, Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency, U.S. International Development Finance Corporation, Federal Trade Commission, Inter-American Foundation, Institute of Museum and Library Services, National Archives and Records Administration, National Endowment of Arts, National Endowment for the Humanities, National Gallery of Art, Railroad Retirement Board Smithsonian Institute, U.S. Agency for Global Media, and U.S. International Trade Commission.
- 5. AFGE advocates on behalf of its members and seeks to promote dignity, safety, and fairness for government employees. Our core functions include providing support, guidance, and resources to our affiliates, which are the officially recognized exclusive representatives of federal employees in various bargaining units.
- 6. AFGE represents over 50,000 federal employees in the State of California, at agencies including, but not limited to, the Department of Veterans Affairs, the Small Business Administration, the Environmental Protection Agency, and the Department of Defense. AFGE has several affiliates that represent employees in the San Francisco Bay Area, including employees at the San Francisco Veterans Health Care System, the Palo Alto VA Medical Center, and various Social Security Field offices and military installations.
  - 7. Membership in AFGE is voluntary.
  - 8. AFGE's activities and staff are funded through our members' voluntary dues.
- 9. The unprecedented purging of federal employees through mass reductions in force (RIFs) has harmed both AFGE and its members.

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- 10. AFGE has devoted considerable resources to responding to requests and providing guidance about the mass RIFs. Demand for AFGE's assistance, and the assistance of its affiliates, has risen substantially since when mass RIFs were first announced after the President's February 11, 2025 Executive Order.
- 11. AFGE's staff have received several thousand emails since February 11, 2025, from members and federal employees seeking guidance on RIFs. Staff in each AFGE department have been inundated with phone calls from members, asking questions about what the RIFs will mean for their rights as employees. AFGE must answer these questions to represent our members and affiliates effectively.
- 12. Altogether, AFGE staff have been forced to spend literally thousands of hours responding to the calls and emails from members and affiliates related to mass RIFs that would have otherwise been spent on other matters. Part of why these calls and emails are so timeconsuming is because the various agencies have not responded to our local officers' information requests about RIFs and reorganization plans, so we do not have concrete information to send out to members.
- 13. The increase in resources devoted to RIFs, including assisting locals with sending information requests, filing grievances, and reviewing RIF notices, has diverted resources from other AFGE members' needs and other AFGE priorities. For instance, the time spent responding to and addressing RIFs has prevented AFGE's field representatives from filing grievances on other contract violations for affiliates, advising affiliates on other pressing matters such as responding to attacks on collective bargaining and organizing unrepresented members.
- 14. The manner in which the RIFs are occurring makes it particularly challenging to provide guidance and advice to members and affiliates on this issue. The sheer scale of the mass RIFs is unprecedented and requires an unprecedented mobilization of resources in response. As mentioned above, we do not often receive information in response to information requests, but when information is communicated it is often inaccurate or conflicting in RIF notices. AFGE has seen RIF notices that contain specious justifications tied to executive actions and presidential memoranda related to diversity, equity, and inclusion programs, hiring freezes, liquidation and

elimination of federal programs and services, and this creates confusion and fear among our members. Many RIF notices contain incorrect job titles and lengths of service, which are relevant to retention factors. An AFGE member at the Department of State was instructed to cross out the inaccurate job title and write in the correct one on her RIF notice. These challenges in providing advice on RIFs have resulted in significant resources being spent on this matter. For example, I have assigned multiple attorneys and other professional staff in several departments to provide guidance to our affiliates regarding the RIFs. These AFGE staff members would have otherwise provided counseling and representation to our affiliates on other matters.

- 15. In the field, AFGE's field staff has been required to divert their attention from typical representation and organizing work, to respond to inquiries and assist affiliates with addressing the mass RIFs. In particular, AFGE has over sixty National Representatives ("NR") whose primary responsibilities include representing AFGE members and affiliates in various geographic locations throughout the United States. The NRs typically file grievances for affiliates, help them conduct membership meetings, assist with bargaining, and provide general guidance and advice. Due to the surge in RIF threats and notices, NRs have been overwhelmed with requests for guidance and advice on what our affiliates and members can do in response to RIFs.
- 16. In addition to diverting resources, several AFGE bargaining units have already significantly diminished or will soon diminish in size as a result of the mass RIFs. For instance, we are aware of over 40 AFGE bargaining unit employees adversely affected by RIFs at the Office of Personnel Management; over 560 bargaining unit employees at the General Services Administration; over 160 bargaining unit employees at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; hundreds of bargaining unit employees at the Department of Labor in the Enforcement Division of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Program; thousands of bargaining unit employees at the Department of Health and Human Services; and thousands more at other government agencies represented by AFGE, such as the Department of State, Department of Veterans Affairs, U.S. Agency for Global Media, and the Small Business Administration.
- 17. AFGE believes that thousands of employees in its bargaining units have been and will continue to be separated through RIFs but has been unable to gather this data because many

agencies have failed to provide AFGE's affiliates sufficient information, as required by applicable collective bargaining agreements or upon receipt of a valid request for information under 5 U.S.C. §7114(b)(4), to calculate how many employees are adversely affected by mass RIFs.

- 18. Based on decades of experience as a union leader, I know that a union's bargaining power derives from the number of employees it represents at an agency. Our voice as an organization is the collective voice of our members and the employees we represent. By significantly reducing the size of AFGE's bargaining units in such a hurried manner, the mass RIFs have effectively limited AFGE's bargaining power.
- 19. AFGE will likely lose thousands of members as a result of RIFs because the majority of AFGE members retain their membership through automatic dues deduction. With the passing of each biweekly payroll cycle, separated employees who pay membership dues through dues deduction may be dropped from AFGE's membership rolls.
- 20. The loss of thousands of members will significantly affect AFGE's revenue and its ability to provide services to its members and affiliates.
- 21. Combined, the loss of dues revenue, the reduction in AFGE's bargaining power, and the significant diversion of resources, have impeded AFGE's ability to perform its core mission of serving federal employees.
- 22. I have heard from or am aware of thousands of federal employees that have been separated due to RIFs. When employees are separated due to RIFs, they lose their health insurance coverage for themselves and their spouse and dependents who were covered under their health plan. This means that the thousands of federal employees—and that number continues to grow—and their families will lose health insurance coverage.
- 23. AFGE's members have suffered in ways beyond just financial harm as a result of their separation through RIFs.
- 24. For instance, we have heard from several members who will have to relocate and interrupt their children's schooling as a result of their separation.
- 25. Federal employees have also informed us of the severe emotional distress they are suffering from as a result of the sudden, pretextual RIFs. As a veteran myself, I am particularly

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27 28 concerned about the impacts of these removals on the numerous disabled veterans in our membership, many of whom struggle with serious mental health issues.

- 26. In addition to being personally harmed, our members, our organization, and the community have been harmed by the removals effect on government agencies' provision of services.
- 27. For example, I have been informed that thousands of AFGE bargaining unit employees in the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health have been notified of their impending separation through a mass RIF that will cripple the Agency's ability to fulfill its statutory obligations to the American public. This includes conducting research and delivering health resources to prevent work-related illness, disability, injury, and death.
- 28. Further, more AFGE bargaining unit employees in the Department of State Counter Foreign Information Manipulation and Interference Hub, Small Business Administration Office of International Trade, and Office of Personnel Management Office of Executive Secretariat, Privacy, and Information Management have been notified of their impending separations through mass RIFs. These dedicated federal employees perform essential services to the American public, and if these mass RIFs are implemented, the affected departments and agencies will no longer being able to effectively deliver these essential services. I have already heard reports of long waits and delayed benefits due to understaffing at Social Security Administration offices, and those delays will increase as the planned reduction of 7,000 employees is carried out.
- 29. Like myself, tens of thousands of AFGE members are veterans. The mass RIFs impact on the provision of government services will adversely affect veterans, including AFGE members, ability to receive adequate health care and benefits. The Department of Veterans Affairs announced plans to reduce its staffing levels by more than 80,000 employees by the end of the fiscal year. This will result in even lower staffing in offices already chronically understaffed.
- 30. The pace of the RIFs that have happened so far, together with media reports showing that mass RIFs are ongoing, makes clear injuries suffered by AFGE and its members are ongoing or imminent and will persist unless this Court intervenes.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed this 28th day of April 2025, in Washington, D.C.

Everett Kelley